Population increase in fifteen Member States

In 2013, Luxembourg (+19.0‰), Malta (+7.6‰), Sweden (+6.8‰) and Austria (+6.5‰) recorded the highest positive net migration in relative terms, while Cyprus (-13.9‰), Latvia (-7.1‰), Lithuania (-5.7‰), Ireland (-5.6‰), Spain (-5.5‰) and Greece (-4.7‰) recorded the highest negative net migration.

To conclude, in 2013, the population increased in fifteen Member States and decreased in thirteen. The largest increases due to natural change and net migration were observed in **Luxembourg** (natural change +4.2‰ and net migration +19.0‰), **Malta** (+1.9‰ and +7.6‰), **Sweden** (+2.4‰ and +6.8‰), **Austria** (0.0‰ and +6.5‰), the **United Kingdom** (+3.2‰ and +3.3‰) and **Denmark** (+0.6‰ and +5.3‰), and the largest decreases in **Latvia** (-4.0‰ and -7.1‰), **Lithuania** (-3.9‰ and -5.7‰), **Cyprus** (+4.7 and -13.9‰), **Greece** (-1.6‰ and -4.7‰), **Portugal** (-2.3‰ and -3.5‰), **Bulgaria** (-5.2‰ and -0.2‰) and **Spain** (+0.8‰ and -5.5‰).

	Population 1.1.2013	Live births	Deaths	Natural change	Net migration	Population 1.1.2014*
EU28	505 675.0	5 075.7	4 999.2	76.5	653.1	507 416.6
Belgium	11 161.6	125.6	109.3	16.3	26.0	11 204.0
Bulgaria	7 284.6	66.6	104.3	-37.8	-1.1	7 245.7
Czech Republic	10 516.1	106.8	109.2	-2.4	-1.3	10 512.4
Denmark	5 602.6	55.9	52.5	3.4	29.9	5 627.2
Germany	80 523.7	685.0	895.0	-210.0	437.3	80 780.0
Estonia	1 320.2	13.5	15.2	-1.7	-2.6	1 315.8
Ireland	4 591.1	68.9	30.0	38.9	-26.0	4 604.0
Greece	11 062.5	94.1	112.1	-17.9	-52.0	10 992.6
Spain	46 727.9	424.5	387.8	36.7	-256.8	46 507.8
France	65 578.8	810.8	572.1	238.7	39.1	65 856.6
Croatia	4 262.1	39.9	50.4	-10.4	-5.0	4 246.7
Italy ¹	59 685.2	514.3	600.7	-86.4	181.7	60 782.7 ¹
Cyprus	865.9	9.3	5.2	4.1	-12.0	858.0
Latvia	2 023.8	20.6	28.7	-8.1	-14.3	2 001.5
Lithuania	2 971.9	29.9	41.5	-11.6	-16.8	2 943.5
Luxembourg	537.0	6.1	3.8	2.3	10.3	549.7
Hungary	9 908.8	91.0	126.9	-35.9	4.3	9 879.0
Malta	421.4	4.0	3.2	0.8	3.2	425.4
Netherlands	16 779.6	171.3	141.2	30.1	19.1	16 829.3
Austria	8 451.9	79.3	79.5	-0.2	54.7	8 507.8
Poland	38 533.3	369.6	387.3	-17.7	-19.9	38 495.7
Portugal	10 487.3	82.8	106.5	-23.8	-36.2	10 427.3
Romania	20 020.1	176.0	246.8	-70.8	-6.6	19 942.6
Slovenia	2 058.8	21.1	19.3	1.8	0.5	2 061.1
Slovakia	5 410.8	54.8	52.1	2.7	2.4	5 415.9
Finland	5 426.7	58.1	51.5	6.7	18.0	5 451.3
Sweden	9 555.9	113.6	90.4	23.2	65.1	9 644.9
United Kingdom	63 905.3	782.1	576.5	205.6	212.0	64 308.3
Iceland	321.9	4.3	2.2	2.2	1.6	325.7
Liechtenstein	36.8	0.3	0.2	0.1	0.2	37.1
Norway	5 051.3	59.0	41.3	17.7	40.1	5 109.1
Switzerland	8 039.1	82.7	65.0	17.8	:	8 136.7
Montenegro	622.8	7.5	5.9	1.6	:	624.3
Former Yug. Rep. of Macedonia	2 062.3	23.1	19.2	3.9	-0.5	2 065.8
Serbia	7 181.5	65.6	100.3	-34.7	:	7 146.8
Turkey	75 627.4	1 283.1	372.1	911.0	:	76 667.9

Population change* in 2013 (1 000 population)

Data are provisional

The population change is due to natural change (live births minus deaths) and/or net migration. Additional differences (statistical adjustments) between the population in 2013 and in 2014 which are not incorporated in the natural change or in the net migration may exist for some countries, with the largest impact for Italy.

: Data not available

Crude rates*	of population	change in 2013	(per 1	000 population)
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	Live births	Deaths	Natural change	Net migration
EU28	10.0	9.9	0.2	1.3
Belgium	11.2	9.8	1.5	2.3
Bulgaria	9.2	14.4	-5.2	-0.2
Czech Republic	10.2	10.4	-0.2	-0.1
Denmark	10.0	9.3	0.6	5.3
Germany	8.5	11.1	-2.6	5.4
Estonia	10.3	11.6	-1.3	-2.0
Ireland	15.0	6.5	8.5	-5.6
Greece	8.5	10.2	-1.6	-4.7
Spain	9.1	8.3	0.8	-5.5
France	12.3	8.7	3.6	0.6
Croatia	9.4	11.8	-2.5	-1.2
Italy	8.5	10.0	-1.4	3.0
Cyprus	10.8	6.0	4.7	-13.9
Latvia	10.2	14.3	-4.0	-7.1
Lithuania	10.1	14.0	-3.9	-5.7
Luxembourg	11.3	7.0	4.2	19.0
Hungary	9.2	12.8	-3.6	0.4
Malta	9.5	7.6	1.9	7.6
Netherlands	10.2	8.4	1.8	1.1
Austria	9.4	9.4	0.0	6.5
Poland	9.6	10.1	-0.5	-0.5
Portugal	7.9	10.2	-2.3	-3.5
Romania	8.8	12.4	-3.5	-0.3
Slovenia	10.2	9.4	0.9	0.2
Slovakia	10.1	9.6	0.5	0.4
Finland	10.7	9.5	1.2	3.3
Sweden	11.8	9.4	2.4	6.8
United Kingdom	12.2	9.0	3.2	3.3
Iceland	13.4	6.7	6.7	4.9
Liechtenstein	9.2	6.7	2.5	5.4
Norway	11.6	8.1	3.5	7.9
Switzerland	10.2	8.0	2.2	:
Montenegro	12.0	9.5	2.5	:
Former Yug. Rep. of Macedonia	11.2	9.3	1.9	-0.2
Serbia	9.2	14.0	-4.8	:
Turkey	16.8	4.9	12.0	:

Data are provisional

The crude rate is calculated as the ratio of the number of events to the average population in a given year. For easier presentation, it is multiplied by 1 000; the result is therefore expressed per 1 000 population.

: Data not available

1. The population change is due to natural change (live births minus deaths) and/or net migration. Additional differences (statistical adjustments) between the population in 2013 and in 2014 which are not incorporated in the natural change or in the net migration may exist for some countries. The largest statistical adjustment among Member States has been done by Italy, where census data have been compared with existing data in municipalities during 2013. The result is an increase of the population data of approximately 1 million.

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